

Tumor-Selective pan-RAS-Degrading Protein Therapeutics

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Vision

- We developed RIDER (Receptor-guided Intracellular Degradator), a novel modality that combines tumor antigen-dependent delivery with targeted protein degradation.
- To develop a next-generation pan-RAS-degrading protein therapeutic for RAS-mutant refractory solid tumors, including pancreatic, colorectal, and lung cancers. By enabling tumor antigen-guided delivery and selective, degradation of intracellular RAS, this approach aims to overcome the key limitations of current RAS inhibitors: mutation-restricted use, acquired resistance, and toxicity caused by RAS inhibition in normal tissues.

Marketability

- RAS mutations are involved in approximately 20–30% of all cancers, representing an estimated 3–6 million patients annually worldwide. Current competitors include KRAS G12C inhibitors, pan-RAS inhibitors such as Daraxonrasib/RMC-6236, and KRAS G12D degraders such as Setidegrasib/ASP3082. However, these approaches do not provide tumor-cell selectivity.
- This program is positioned as a next-generation modality based on tumor-selective pan-RAS degradation, with potential opportunities in patients who are non-responsive, relapsed, or dose-limited with existing therapies.

Innovation

- RIDER (Receptor-guided Intracellular Degradator) is a new modality combining tumor antigen-guided delivery and intracellular degradation.
- It directly degrades KRAS, NRAS, and HRAS, rather than simply inhibiting RAS activity.
- Expected advantages include durable pan-RAS control, $IC_{50} < 1 \text{ pM}$, and $> 1,000$ -fold antigen-dependent selectivity.

Partnering

【 Expected partners 】

Pharmaceuticals • Biotech/Drug Discovery Service • CMO/CDMO/CRO/SMO • Medical/Diagnosis/Research Devices • Venture capitals

【 Expectation 】

PK/PD analysis, GMP drug supply, safety/immunogenicity testing, indication expansion, fundraising, and commercialization support.

Research Outline

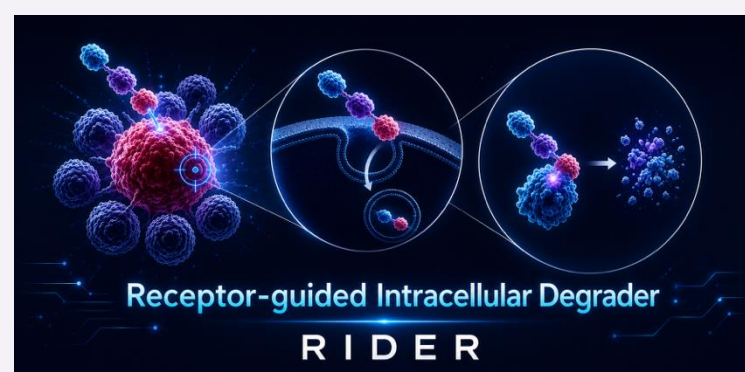
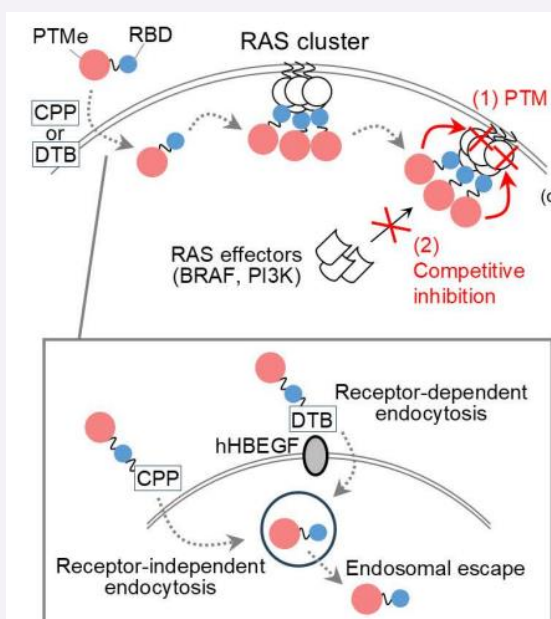
Key Words: #Protein therapeutics, #Targeted protein degradation, #pan-RAS degradation, #Tumor-selective delivery, #Genetic mutations, #Biomarkers, #Immune response

【Research Outline】

- This project develops a recombinant protein drug that selectively degrades intracellular RAS in RAS-mutant solid tumors.
- The molecule integrates tumor antigen binding, intracellular delivery, RAS binding, and RAS-degrading enzyme domains.
- It has shown fM–pM in vitro activity, $> 1,000$ -fold antigen-dependent selectivity, and xenograft antitumor efficacy.
- Next steps include linker optimization, lead selection, serum stability, PK/PD, safety/immunogenicity, and CMC/GMP development.

【References】

- Nomura, T.K. et al. (2026) Nature Communications
- Nomura, T.K. et al. (2021) Cell Chemical Biology 28(11):1581–1589.e6.



Protein-based pan-RAS inhibitor for RAS-driven cancers

KRAS signaling → Tumor growth | RRSP-RBD treatment → RAS cleavage → Signal OFF

Existing RAS inhibitors

- KRAS G12C focused
- Limited mutation coverage
- Resistance concerns

This seed

- Protein-based modality
- pan-RAS activity
- Immune related mechanism

Need

High unmet need in pancreatic, colorectal

Advantage

Broad RAS suppression and novel mechanism

Future

PK/safety, partnering

Seeking partners: Pharma / Biotech / CDMO / DDS / VC